

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS



The Forage Value Index (FVI) is a rating system that helps Australian dairy farmers and their advisors to make more informed decisions when selecting perennial ryegrass cultivars. It provides an accurate, reliable and independent assessment of the potential economic value of perennial ryegrass cultivars in different dairy regions of southeast Australia.

Why has it been developed?

Australian dairy farmers invest more than \$100 million renovating pastures each year. Perennial ryegrass accounts for almost 80 per cent of this. Until now, there has been no easy way of assessing the agronomic performance or potential economic benefit of different cultivars for use in dairy production. The selection of better performing cultivars will help to increase pasture productivity at key times of the year and ultimately, farm profitability.

How is the FVI calculated?

FVI ratings are based on independently calculated Performance Values (PV) for seasonal dry matter production and Economic Values (EV). PVs are determined by industry assessed trial data. EVs are determined by economic analysis of 'case study' farms in four different dairying regions in southeast Australia. FVI ratings are calculated by multiplying the Performance Value (i.e. kg DM/ha) of each cultivar by its Economic Value (i.e. the seasonal \$ value of each extra kg of pasture grown).

How are FVI ratings expressed?

The PV for each cultivar is expressed as a percentage relative to the long established "Victorian" perennial ryegrass cultivar and the FVI uses a colour rating system. All cultivars with the same colour are not "statistically" significantly different to each other. A green colour rating indicates those cultivars that have performed the best in each region and have the most potential to contribute to operating profit. A red colour rating indicates those in the bottom group of cultivars for performance and have the least potential to contribute to operating profit. Ideally, farmers should use cultivars in the green column wherever possible to maximise pasture productivity and farm profitability.

What data sources are included?

A range of data sources are used to calculate the FVI ratings. These include trial data from the Pasture Trial Network (PTN) and limited seed company data that meet strict trial protocols and PTN eligibility data. Only cultivars listed in the Australian Seed Federation Pasture Seed Database (asf.asn.au/seeds/pasture-seed-database) and confirmed as a 'variety' are used in the FVI.

What data are eligible for inclusion?

To be included in the FVI database, each cultivar must have data from at least three 3-year trials that have been conducted using Pasture Trials Network (PTN) protocols. All trials are managed under mown conditions, with herbage cut, dried and weighed. Dry matter yield is assessed by direct measurement (i.e. cut, dried and weighed). Nitrogen is applied after each mowing at a rate equivalent to the amount contained in the dry matter removed. Only trials that meet these criteria will be considered for inclusion in the FVI database.

Who determines whether data is eligible?

All trial data are reviewed by a Technical Advisory Committee to determine its eligibility for inclusion in the FVI database. The FVI Technical Advisory Committee currently comprises representatives from farmers, research organisations and some of the commercial seed companies.

Once approved, data are analysed by accredited statisticians using modern analysis tools similar to those used in the successful national trialling network for the grains industry.

Are there trials in my region?

There are not trials from every corner of southeast Australia. The power of the FVI is in the aggregated data pool for southeast Australia and this is the most comprehensive and accurate data pool for perennial ryegrass cultivars in Australia. There are no large differences in overall seasonal rankings of the perennial ryegrass cultivars between different regions (i.e. Gippsland, Western Victoria, Northern Victoria and Tasmania). The results show that while total yield is affected by environmental conditions (i.e. rainfall, climate and irrigation), the best plant genetics tend to perform the best in each region. This means the FVI ranking is appropriate to use in all parts of southeast Australia.

How can I select the best cultivars for my farm?

The FVI information can be accessed free of charge from the Dairy Australia website.

What pasture species are included?

The FVI ratings are only for perennial ryegrass cultivars. Other pasture species (e.g. Italian ryegrass and tall fescue) will be added in the future.

What traits are included?

The FVI ratings are based on the potential economic value of seasonal production yields. Other traits (e.g. nutritive value and persistence) will be added in the future.

What new data will be added?

The FVI database already contains cultivars from most seed companies. The FVI ratings will be updated each year as new trial data become available. These updated rankings should be available before the autumn renovation period. New cultivars of perennial ryegrass and cultivars from other species will be added as more information becomes available. Dairy Australia, in partnership with Agriculture Victoria conducted four cultivar evaluation trials in southeast Australia during the three years, 2016–2018. This data is used to update the FVI rankings in 2021. Additional data from the Pasture Variety Trials Network and other sources that meet the criteria will be included in the FVI database as it becomes available in the future.

What other information will become available?

FVI ratings will be improved over time to enable the comparison of cultivars across dairy regions and the inclusion of new perennial ryegrass cultivars, new traits (e.g. nutritive value and plant persistence) and other pasture species (e.g. Italian ryegrass and tall fescue).

Who developed the FVI?

The FVI was developed as a partnership between several industry associations and government bodies as part of a wider strategy to increase the productivity and profitability of Australian dairy farms. They include Dairy Australia, Agriculture Victoria, DairyNZ, the Australian Seed Federation and Meat and Livestock Australia.